

Comparison of Different Mosquito Traps for Zoonotic Arbovirus Vectors in Papua New Guinea.



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Introduction



BGS TRAP

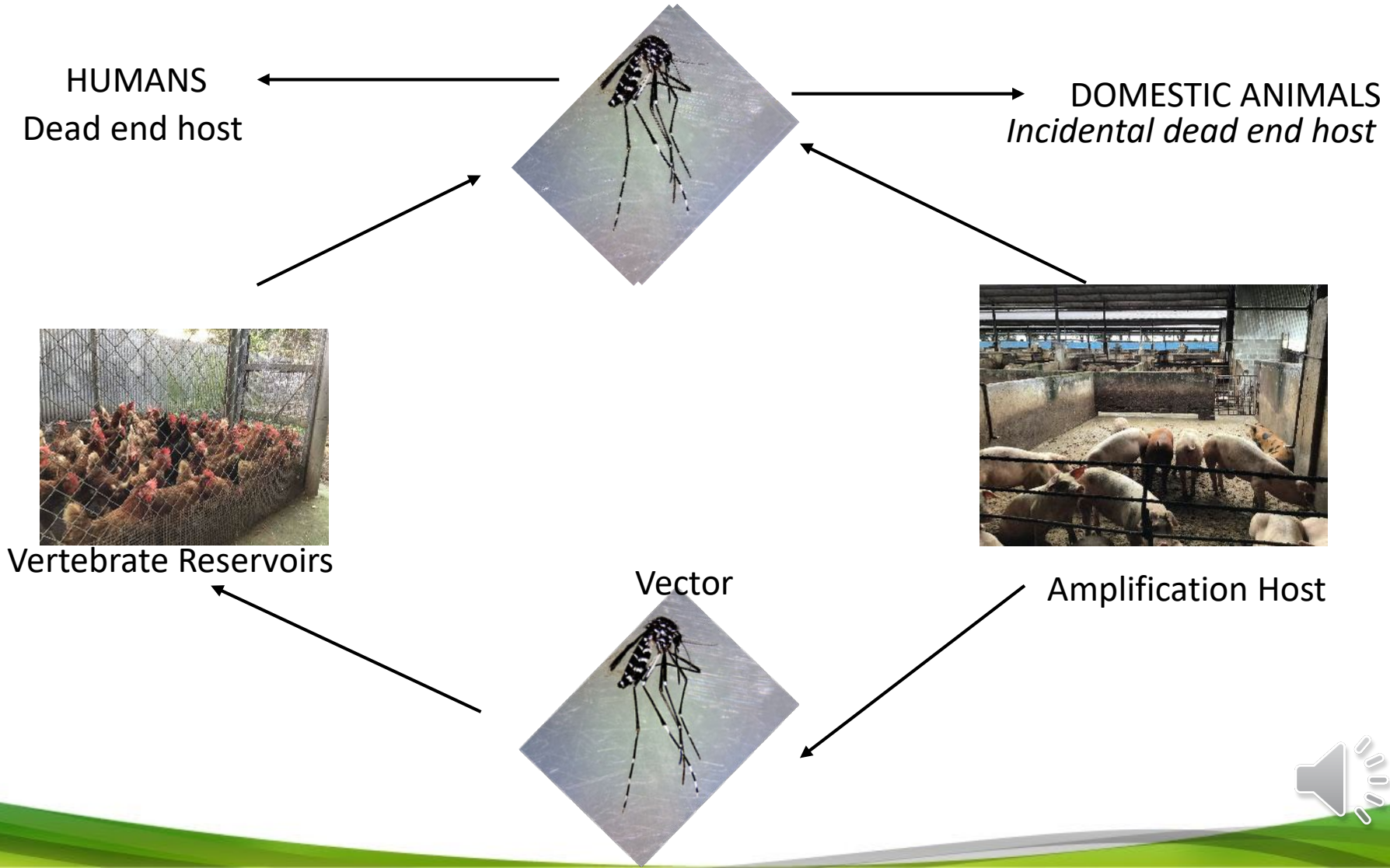
CDC_NORMAL LIGHT TRAP



CDC_UV LIGHT TRAP



Introduction



Method



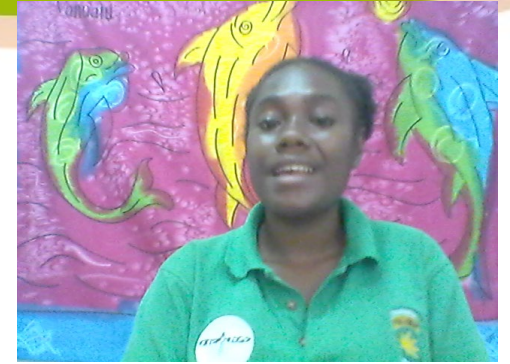
2m from the ground



Collection done every 24hr for
5 consecutive days



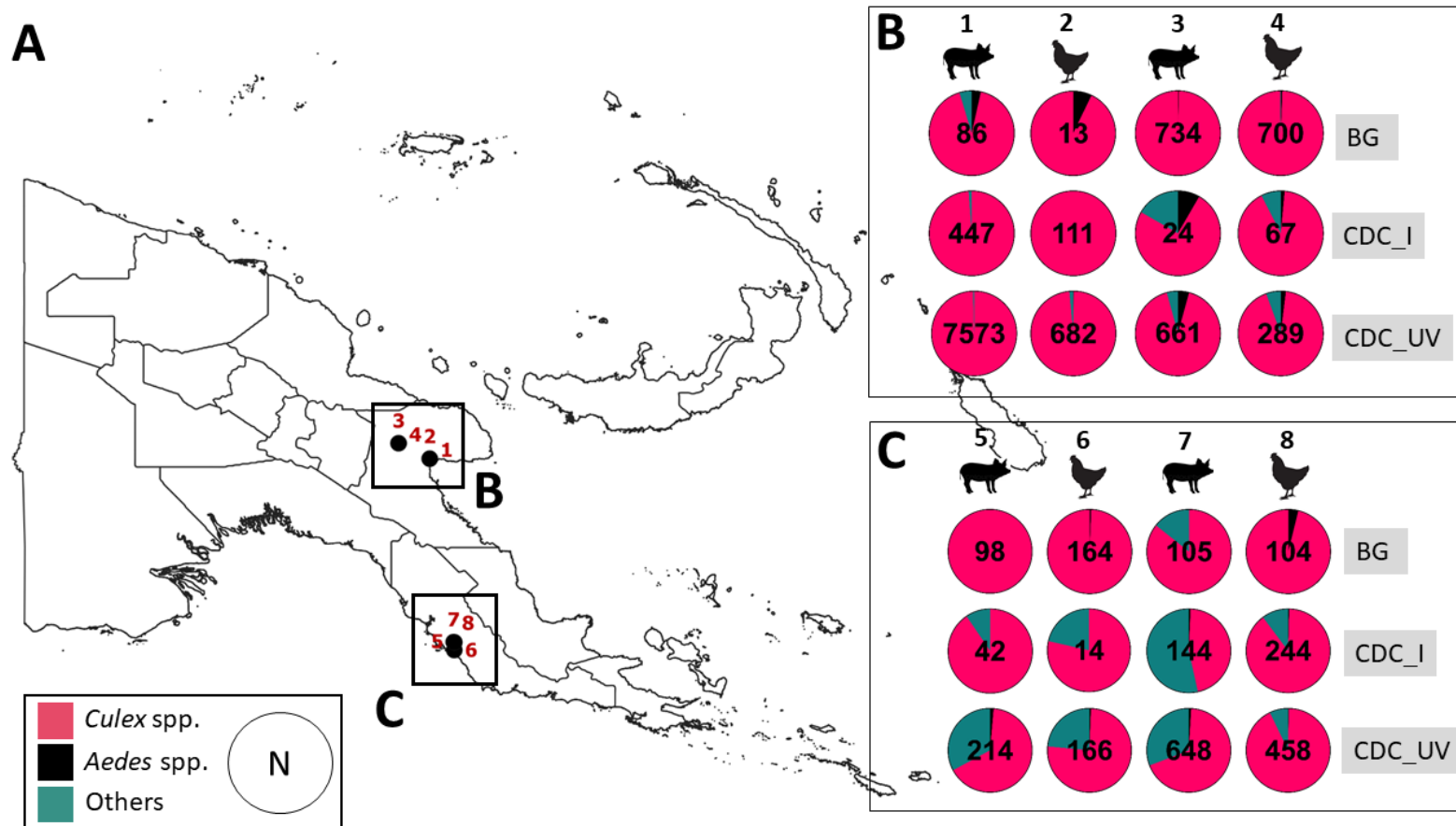
BGS on the ground





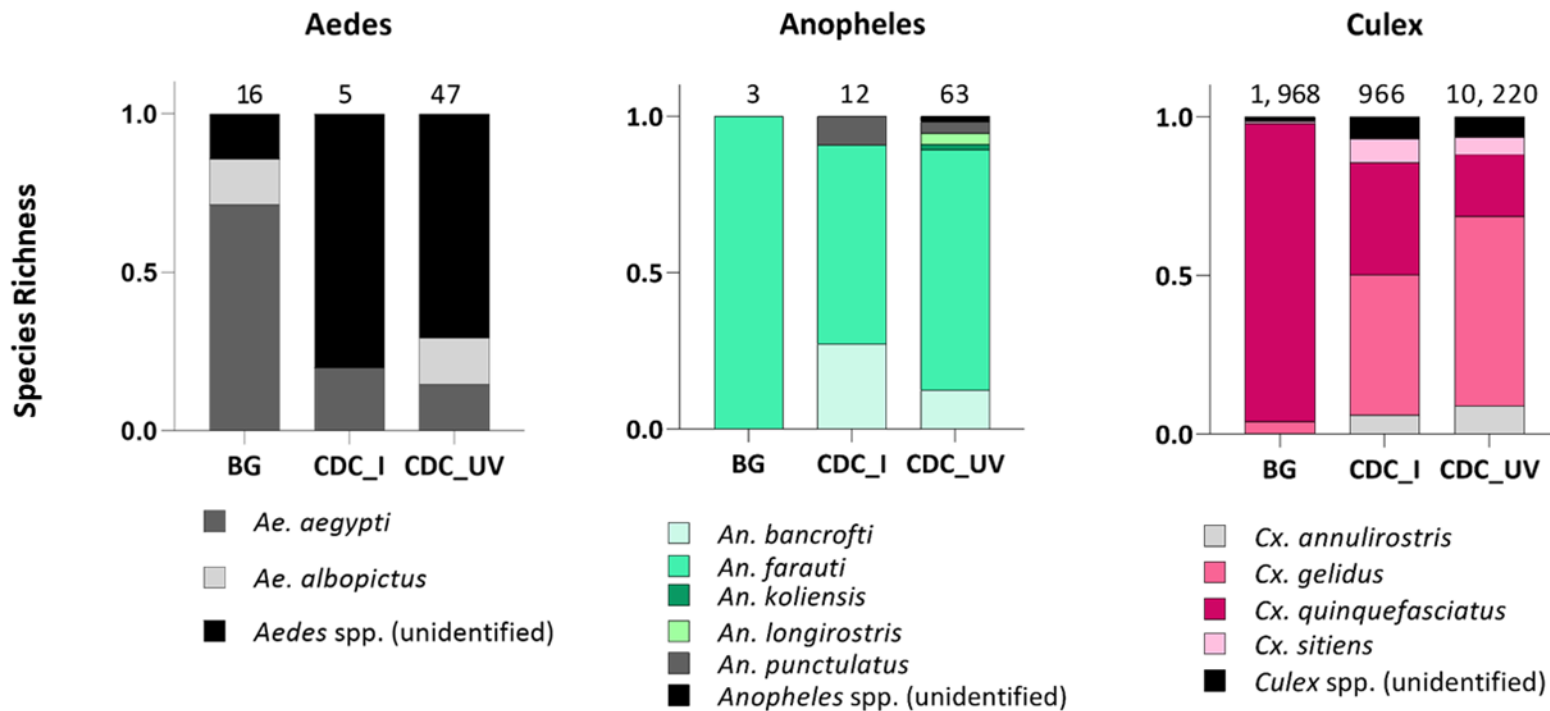
Result and Discussion

Summary of Mosquito collections in Central and Morobe

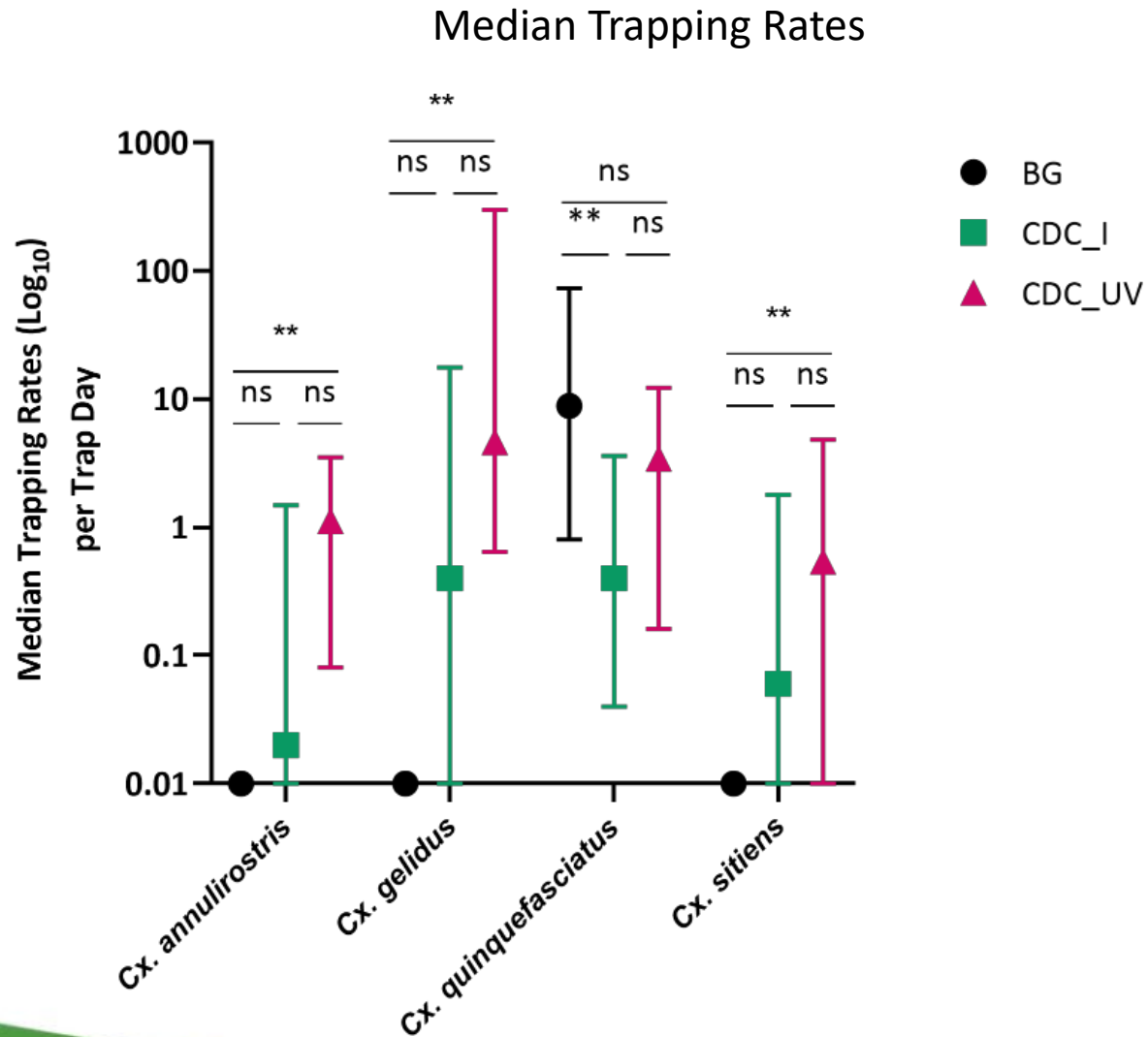


Result and Discussion

Species of mosquitoes caught among the three trapping devices



Result and Discussion



Conclusion



- This study represents the first assessment of mosquito trapping devices for zoonotic arbovirus vectors in PNG livestock farms. We recommend CDC_UV trap for future monitoring and surveillance programs for *Culex* species relevant for zoonotic arbovirus in PNG.



Acknowledgement



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David T. Williams



AITHM

Melanie Koinari, Stephan Karl

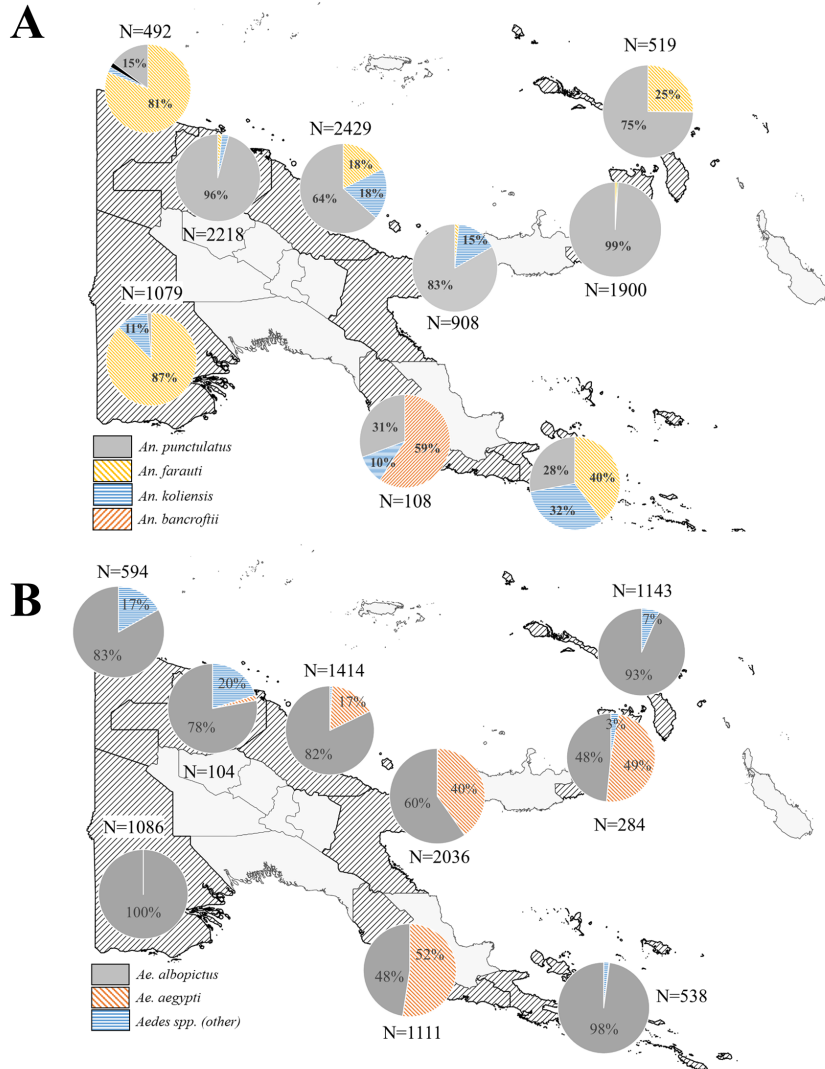


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Strengthened Surveillance Capacity for *Aedes* and Anopheline Vectors and Insecticide Resistance Profiles



- Strengthened Provincial Vector Surveillance Capacity in three sites (Morobe, West Sepik, Kiunga). Training included;
 - Larval Habitat Surveillance
 - Adult Mosquito Surveillance
 - Insecticide Resistance Testing
- Establishment of small insectary and laboratory facilities in three provincial sites.
- Strengthening of especially *Aedes* vector and insecticide resistance surveillance across PNG

Image (Above) *Aedes* and Anopheles Insecticide Resistance Profiles



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